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him next day. His condition was the same. I may add that he has been having fever for about 10 days, is not confined to bed, and is immune to yellow fever.

Three immune certificates were issued and 32 pieces of baggage inspected. Vessel fumigated.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin—Plague and cholera in various countries.

Consul-General Mason reports, June 27, as follows:

Plague.

Great Britain.—A fatal case of plague occurred in Manchester on June 12. The plague patient had been employed as cook on the steamer *Hylas*, arrived from Argentina, via Hamburg, in Middlesborough on June 8.

Turkey.—On the island of Bahrein in the Persian Gulf, 20 deaths from plague had occurred up to May 18.

Egypt.—During the period from June 3 to 10 there were registered 3 fresh plague cases, with 2 deaths.

Straits Settlements.—In the province of Wellesley a case of plague occurred on May 11.

British South Africa.—In Cape Colony, during the week ended May 13, there were registered 9 cases of plague, viz, 8 in East London and 1 in Queenstown.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended July 1, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; 1 death from yellow fever; prevailing diseases, malarial and yellow fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fair.

Puerto Barrios so far remains free from infection.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
June 27	Olympia	41
28	do	41
29	Belize	18

The steamer *Olympia* took bills of health from Livingston and Puerto Barrios, Guatemala.

Statement of yellow fever cases and deaths to date.

JULY 6, 1905.

Since June 21 there have been 8 cases of yellow fever in Livingston, of which number 2 terminated fatally. These with the 4 reported